

FAILS TO MENTION PAYNE TARIFF LAW

Local Option Also Barred
From State Principles
by Leaders.

(Continued from First Page.)

of every American woman, rich or poor. "I could not stand for the absolute and infamous sugar schedule. We reduced the tariff on refined sugar 5 cents per one hundred pounds—one-twentieth of 1 cent, a half of 1 mill, a pound—which was worse than a reduction because it cannot possibly affect the price and therefore is a deception. Yet that is one of the boasted reductions we hear of."

What Articles Are.

"It is said that the law has made reductions on articles entering into the consumption of the people to the value of \$5,000,000, yet those articles are made up of such things as lumber, agricultural implements, meat and food products, petroleum and its products, of all of which we are the greatest exporters in the world; steel rails and coal, which we export; barbed wire, monopolized by the Steel trust; nails, manufactured and sold by an international trust as complete as the international tobacco monopoly; yarns and threads; the raw materials for textiles, on which textiles, when finished for the people's use, the tariff was increased; sugar, which was not reduced in fact, but only in pretense."

Above all, I could not stand for the slaughter by the Conference Committee of the moderate beginning of a tariff commission which I wrote into the bill that passed the Senate; but I save one of the Democratic Senators, were the enemies of any tariff commission then, and are its enemies now."

Is a Moral Question.

"The making of a tariff, so long as moderation and justice are followed, is an economic question; but the moment excess and injustice are practiced, the making of a tariff becomes also a moral question. So the tariff fight last year was a moral fight. And who bore the battle? I want the people of Indiana to know that all the real fighting that was done for justice in tariff schedules was done by Republicans, and not by Democrats."

"I voted against the bill and for plighted honor. I voted against excess and for protection. I voted against the interests and for the people. I voted and fought for the genuine Republicanism of Lincoln, the founder of our faith; of Menard the father of our tariff; of Garfield, the interpreter of our principles; of McKinley, the apostle of protection; of Roosevelt, the soldier of righteousness."

Senator Beveridge, speaking of what he designated "the so-called tariff board," said: "When I introduced the tariff commission bill three years ago, I said I had no friends in Congress. Today a large majority of Republicans are for it, and even one Democrat has seen the light."

"A commission of experts as permanent as the Bureau of Labor, with duties fully described in the law itself, a commission safe from the accidents of politics, secure from the differing opinions of changing Presidents; a commission equal to that of Germany or Japan—that is what the Government needs; that is what the nation demands; and that is what we will have."

"Possibility of strife in the resolutions committee was eliminated by the series of conferences last night and this morning. It required diplomacy and finesse of the highest order to prevent at least an apparent clash with the national Administration. The tariff question, one of the real live questions in Indiana, was discussed at length, and the leaders finally agreed that the Payne-Aldrich bill should be ignored."

Instead the proposition of Senator Beveridge that the tariff is a question which should be settled by an intelligent and competent commission named to investigate schedules and suggest them to Congress was taken up, and the tariff plank in the platform will be a hearty endorsement of this plan."

The local option question is ignored entirely. There was the decision of a scrap over the plan to endorse the county local option law, but the leaders, declaring that this matter was the chief factor in last year's defeat at the polls, ordered reference to the liquor question eliminated from the platform, and this will undoubtedly be done."

Platform As Framed.

The committee on resolutions finally framed the platform for submission to the convention so that the following policies are emphatically endorsed: Protective tariff, to be enacted from

ANANIAS CLUB FORMED FOR TARIFF "KNOCKERS"

Representative Payne Considers Law the Fairest of All Flowers, and He Intends to Refute "Newspaper and Congressional Liars" Who Have Been Abusing It.

Representative Sereno E. Payne, of New York, his face beaming over with happiness, stood under the budding acacia tree in front of the White House offices this morning and cheerfully enrolled as members of the Ananias Club all newspaper men and Congressmen who do say or have said that the Payne-Aldrich tariff law is in any way a failure.

Mr. Payne was in a happy mood. The blossoms of the springtime and the amber warmth of the morning sun and nothing on him in the line of good cheer. The languid breeze that stirred the early blossoms and stole away their perfume was but a fitting accompaniment to the laughing talk of the gentleman from New York.

To all intents and purposes, the tariff bill was the fairest flower in all the garden of accomplished facts.

Mr. Payne had just concluded a conference with the President when, standing under the budding acacia, he was asked if he still had confidence in the tariff law he helped to make.

"The bill is a good one, and it is proving its own merit," he said, with all the satisfaction shown by a man who has cashed a long-shot bet on a horse's race. "It will refute all these newspaper liars who have been abusing it."

"Now, you fellows print that if you dare," he added, and his laugh echoed across the White House grounds.

"How about the Congressional liars, Mr.

Payne?" he was asked. But this did not faze him.

"It will refute the Congressional liars, too," he said, and sprang lightly into the carriage awaiting him.

"I suppose," he continued, "that no newspaper has noticed—certainly none has printed it—that, while the maximum tariff was abused as being the thing which was going to increase the tariff duties seventeen per cent, it has opened the markets of the world to the United States."

Mr. Payne stroked his chin and smiled broadly. "Why don't you print that and let the people know what's going on?" he asked, as he winked his left eye.

He was asked what he thought about Senator Beveridge's attitude of opposition to the law.

"Beveridge," he said, "got wrong by voting against a good bill, and now he's trying to square himself. The bill is a success in every particular. It has succeeded in every way, at home and abroad. As I said, it has opened the markets of the world to the United States."

"How about the Canadian market?" was a question put to him.

"That's all right, too," he said cheerfully, and then called out: "Drive on, driver."

The driver drove on, and Mr. Payne, who had a long way to go to newspaper men in all his life, went merrily on his way to the Capitol, drinking in the appealing beauty and all-pervading sweetness of the April day.

It was suggested to him that he had been to see the President about legislation in the House, but he called back to his questioners that he had not.

MOTIVES OF ATTACK ON G. W. U. REVEALED

James Fears "Pet Project"
May Be Jeopardized, Declares Harlan.

(Continued from First Page.)

been given to the various States' under the Morrill acts, and which this bill would set apart for the District of Columbia, should be given to the National University, which, he thinks, "ought to be established in the District of Columbia, and which, in his judgment, surely will be established in the course of time."

To the frank mind there is only one answer to this question. President James believes that in some mysterious way (which he did not explain), this purely local bill extending the benefits of the Morrill acts to the District of Columbia would interfere with his own pet project for a post-graduate university to be supported by the Federal Government.

Other Letters Cited.

"As showing that, so far as the chief promoters against the Gallinger-Boutell bill are concerned, one of the most powerful motives of that campaign links itself with their ambitious project for a post-graduate university, I might quote from two letters which I received a year ago. One was from President Thompson, of the Ohio University, in which he said:

"I recognize that there would be differences of opinion upon some questions involved, and I am quite anxious that the Government will make proper use of the splendid facilities at Washington."

"I shall want to feel sure that no local or temporary movement shall interfere with this greater and more important project. If it could be so organized as to help that project I should be very much pleased."

"The other was from President Patterson, of the Kentucky State University, and President Thompson, of the Ohio State University. I am inclined to hold that the signers of the Morrill bill, according to the George Washington University by a grant of land or its equivalent."

That action would doubtless militate against the larger idea of the establishment of a National University in the District of Columbia."

Believes Them Disqualified.

"Holding such views and cherishing

such ambitions these distinguished educators from outside the District are utterly disqualified for giving sound advice as to our District legislation, as to how the Morrill appropriation can best be administered for the District. They frankly reveal the feeling that they have certain rights of pre-emption in the 'Territory of Columbia' as a field in which they may exploit their own ambitious projects. They say in so many words that 'educational needs of this important and peculiar population are local and temporary,' and ought not to 'interfere with their larger idea of the establishment of a National University in the District of Columbia,' which they think is 'greater and more important project.'

"Now, the men connected with the George Washington University have nothing whatever to say as to this scheme for a Federal university for post-graduate work, except that the project ought to stand upon its own feet and win its way upon its own merits, without seeking thus to cripple the educational interests of its great city. If the United States Government ever decides to create such an institution, the University of the District already established in the District would simply take their place, along with all the other universities of the land, as feeders of the 'University of the Nation,' which, according to President James' plan, would stand higher even than Johns Hopkins."

Real Animos Uncovered.

"But what we do protest against is President James' amazing proposition, that it would be 'wiser' to take the District's Morrill appropriation—which would be given by the Federal Government for the purpose of promoting the young people of the District with these practical forms of undergraduate education—and to use that money for the benefit of the mere handful of post-graduate students who might wish to come to Washington, from all parts of the Union, in order to prepare for their degree of doctor of philosophy."

"That extraordinary paragraph in President James' circular letter of February of last year—uncovering the real animus of the chief promoter of this propaganda against the Gallinger-Boutell bill—although it fully explains his ungenerous zeal in opposing this measure of justice to the young people of the District, will hardly justify such a zeal."

BUSINESS SCHOOL PLANS MEMORIAL

The exhibit of office appliances and supplies which was a feature of the Eastern Commercial Teachers' Association convention held at the Business High School, was highly successful, according to Allan Davis, principal of the school.

A surplus of \$50 was left in the treasury, and Prof. Davis has recommended that it be taken as the nucleus of a fund for the erection of a memorial to the founders of commercial education, to be placed in the Washington Business High School.



Concord
with Ara-Notch
Evanston
with Buttonhole

**The New Summer
ARROW COLLAR**

High enough to look well—low enough to feel well. Plenty of room for tie to slide in

15 cents each—2 for 25 cents

Cluett, Peabody & Company, Makers, Troy, N. Y. ARROW CUFFS, 25 Cents



We Appeal to the Public for Help

We have reached a desperate crisis in settling our affairs with our new creditors, and are face to face with a most trying situation. WE MUST RAISE MONEY, and our only recourse is by sacrificing this magnificent stock of the world famous GOODYEAR Raincoats and Cravenettes for men and women. WE APPEAL FOR HELP. We are pressed to the limit, and therefore have decided to sacrifice these goods to the last notch—for any kind of money. Cash is what we need.

EVERY ONE KNOWS THAT GOODYEAR GARMENTS ARE STANDARD THE WORLD OVER. This allows every one an excellent opportunity to secure one of these famous garments.

THESE ARE THE PRICES:

Men's Raincoats and Cravenettes

All \$12 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	4.80	All \$20 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	8.00	All \$27.50 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	11.00
All \$15 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	6.00	All \$22.50 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	9.00	All \$30 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	12.00
All \$18 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	7.20	All \$25 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	10.00	All \$35 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	14.00

Women's Cravenettes and Silk Rubberized Raincoats

All \$12 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	4.00	All \$20 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	8.00	All \$27.50 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	11.00
All \$15 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	6.00	All \$22.50 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	9.00	All \$30 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	12.00
All \$18 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	7.20	All \$25 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	10.00	All \$35 Raincoats and Cravenettes at.....	14.00

Goodyear RAINCOAT COMPANY

1307 F Street N. W. Between 13th and 14th

Our Special

7 "Teddy" Car

\$3.98



The baby will be proud to own a "Teddy" Car because they're stylish, handsome, roomy, comfortable, have easy riding spindles, and altogether they are the most satisfactory go-carts built.

It Folds Up Out of the Way

R. E. BURKS

729-731 Seventh Street N. W.

Furniture and Carpets

RICHMOND MADE LARGER.
RICHMOND, Va., April 5.—Manchester's action in deciding to become a part of the municipality of Richmond will give the city a population of from 140,000 to 160,000 in the approaching census.

REAL DAUGHTER DEAD.
PROVIDENCE, April 5.—Mrs. Phebe R. Irish, a daughter of Anthony D. Salisbury, a Revolutionary soldier who served under Benedict Arnold on his march to Quebec, is dead. She was born October 18, 1819.

Radiator Seats

Shoe Boxes

IN THESE "HOMES OF 100 IDEAS."
ALSO THREE BATHROOMS.

Every item of cost has been figured to allow for the best material and workmanship.

The Neighborhood,

2228-2254 Cathedral Avenue.

Woodley Park. Sample Open.

No such charming advantages as the scenery and grandeur of Rock Creek Park grace any other section of this city.

\$9,850 and \$7,500.

Our buyers receive the benefit of our original purchase. Property here has since doubled in value.

High Cost of Living and How to Save.

Remember the monthly payments include all interest. You cannot rent a house equal to this home at so low a rental 60 per cent comes back to you under our terms. Booklet "High Cost of Living and How to Save," and "Construction" can be had by calling at homes. Open 2 to 6 only.

How to Inspect.

Take 14th, 7th, N. J. Ave., Fla. Ave., Chevy Chase, or U St. cars to Connecticut and Cathedral Avenues. Walk one block east. Cathedral Avenue is two squares north of the new \$1,000,000 bridge.

MIDDAUGH & SHANNON, Inc., Owner.

"No place like home; no home like ours."

Selling Agents,
SHANNON & LUCHS, 713 14th St.

FOOTWEAR —OF STYLE —AND QUALITY

There's a Shoe to Fit Every Shape Foot. Styles to Satisfy Every Taste.

Men's Two-Eyelet Ties..... **\$4.00**

We have just received a new line of the popular two-eyelet ties, with perforated wing tip, very stylish. The sort of footwear dressy men would appreciate.

"Capitol" Shoes for Men..... **\$3.00**

A very snappy line of Men's Shoes in all the best leathers and smartest styles. Footwear that shows exceptional clever shoe making.

Our "Manhattan" Line of Men's Shoes..... **\$3.50**

Stylish and up-to-date footwear in all the best leathers, tan Russia calf, patent-calf, gun metal, in all the newest lasts and effects.

FAMILY SHOE STORE,
JOS. STRASSBURGER CO., 310 & 312 Seventh St. N.W.
Shoes and Hosiery.

RELIABLE WORK

is only done by a reliable dentist, one who has had long experience and a series of unvarying successes.

DR. WYETH, The Expert
DR. WYETH, Painless Dentist,

Does your work right and does it at the smallest possible charge for work of a satisfactory character. Don't fail to consult him.

MY PATENT SUCTION TEETH

They Never Slip or Drop.

\$5 A SET

Fittings in Gold, Silver, Platinum, and Porcelain.

GOLD CROWNS..... \$3, \$4, \$5
BRIDGE WORK.....

DR. WYETH, PAINLESS DENTIST,

427-429 7th Street N. W.

Opposite Lansburgh & Bro. Over Grand Union Tea Co.

Largest and Most Thoroughly Equipped Parlors in Washington. Appointments May Be Made by Telephone.

We keep open until 8 p. m. for the accommodation of those that cannot come during the day. Sunday hours 10 to 4.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

A LINIMENT FOR EXTERNAL USE.

No woman who bears children need suffer during the period of waiting, nor at the time of baby's coming, if Mother's Friend is used as a massage for the muscles, tendons and glands of the body. Mother's Friend is a penetrating, healthful liniment which strengthens the ligaments, lubricates and renders pliant those muscles on which the strain is greatest, prevents caking of the breasts by keeping the ducts open, and relieves nausea, backache, numbness, nervousness, etc. Its regular use will prepare every portion of the system for the safety of both mother and child and greatly reduce the pain and danger when the little one comes. Mother's Friend is sold at drug stores. Write for our free book, which contains valuable information for expectant mothers.

THE BRADFORD COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

